Financial Statements of

IMMIGRANT SERVICES CALGARY SOCIETY

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon Year ended March 31, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Immigrant Services Calgary Society

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Immigrant Services Calgary Society (the "Entity"), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31,2021;
- the statement of operations and changes in fund balances for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.



We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.



We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other
matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Calgary, Canada June 8, 2021

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Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		Special			
	General	Purposes	Casino		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2021	2020
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 661,974	\$ 64,938	\$ 726,912	\$ 417,727
Investments (note 4)	500,000	**	-	500,000	298,083
Accounts receivable (note 13)	1,966,746	=	<u> </u>	1,966,746	1,375,619
Government receivable	62,532			62,532	25,581
Prepaid expense	33,929		-	33,929	31,938
	2,563,207	661,974	64,938	3,290,119	2,148,948
Rental deposit (note 5)	135,911	-	-	135,911	40,293
Capital assets (note 6)	439,505		-	439,505	253,564
Total Assets	\$3,138,623	\$ 661,974	\$ 64,938	\$3,865,535	\$2,442,805
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7)	\$1,636,955 811,656	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ =	\$1,636,955 811,655	\$ 489,227 720,169
Accounts payable and accruals		\$ - -	\$ <u> </u>		720,169
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred		\$ - - -	\$ <u>-</u>		720,169 140,725
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8)	811,656	\$ - - -	\$ = = =	811,655	720,169 140,725
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8)	811,656	\$ - - - -	\$ 	811,655	720,169 140,725 1,350,121
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8) Deferred capital contributions	811,656 ———————————————————————————————————	\$ - - - -	\$ 1 1 1	811,655 ———————————————————————————————————	
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8) Deferred capital contributions (note 7) Fund balances:	811,656 ———————————————————————————————————	\$ - - - -	\$ 1	811,655 — 2,448,611 296,927	720,169 140,725 1,350,121 60,739
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8) Deferred capital contributions (note 7) Fund balances: Invested in capital assets	811,656 ———————————————————————————————————	\$ - - - -	\$ 1 1 1 1	811,655 — 2,448,611 296,927	720,169 140,725 1,350,121 60,739 1,410,860
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8) Deferred capital contributions (note 7) Fund balances: Invested in capital assets Externally restricted (note 9)	811,656 - 2,448,611 296,927 2,745,538		\$ - - - - - 64,938	811,655 - 2,448,611 296,927 2,745,538 142,579 64,938	720,169 140,725 1,350,121 60,739 1,410,860 192,825 64,922
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8) Deferred capital contributions (note 7) Fund balances: Invested in capital assets Externally restricted (note 9) Internally restricted (note 9)	811,656 - 2,448,611 296,927 2,745,538 142,579 - -	\$ - - - - - - 661,974	\$ 64,938	811,655 - 2,448,611 296,927 2,745,538 142,579 64,938 661,974	720,169 140,725 1,350,121 60,739 1,410,860 192,825 64,922 660,228
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8) Deferred capital contributions (note 7) Fund balances: Invested in capital assets Externally restricted (note 9)	811,656 - 2,448,611 296,927 2,745,538		\$ - - - - - 64,938	811,655 - 2,448,611 296,927 2,745,538 142,579 64,938	720,16 140,72 1,350,12 60,73 1,410,86 192,82 64,92
Accounts payable and accruals Deferred contributions (note 7) Current portion of deferred lease inducement (note 8) Deferred capital contributions (note 7) Fund balances: Invested in capital assets Externally restricted (note 9)	811,656 2,448,611 296,927 2,745,538 142,579 250,506 393,085		\$ 64,938 64,938	811,655 - 2,448,611 296,927 2,745,538 142,579 64,938	720,16 140,72 1,350,12 60,73 1,410,86 192,82 64,92

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the board:

Director

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Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		Special			
	General	Purposes	Casino		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	2021	2020
Revenues:					
Program funding	\$ 10,679,720	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 10,679,720	\$ 8,750,694
Other (note 13)	825,472	_	_	825,472	794,120
Fund development	140,638	_	_	140,638	167,983
Casino income	_	_	_	_	_
Interest income	3,846	1,746	16	5,608	29,288
	11,649,676	1,746	16	11,651,438	9,742,085
Expenses:					
Salaries and benefits	7,541,021	_	_	7,541,021	7,960,251
Rent (note 8)	1,009,981	_	_	1,009,981	1,071,311
Office and administrative					
expenses	576,243	_	_	576,243	546,909
Professional fees and					
program consultants	2,219,197	_	_	2,219,197	458,043
Fund development	74,800	_	_	74,800	25,770
Conferences and staff					
development	53,715	_	_	53,715	72,581
Casino	_	_	_	_	_
Amortization	88,429	_	_	88,429	81,418
	11,563,386	_	-	11,563,386	10,216,283
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over expenses	86,290	1,746	16	88,052	(474,198)
Fund balances, beginning					
of year	306,795	660,228	64,922	1,031,945	1,506,143
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 393,085	\$ 661,974	\$ 64,938	\$ 1,119,997	\$ 1,031,945

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Cash provided (used in):		
Operations:		
Cash receipts from funders and other resources	\$ 11,204,699	\$ 8,242,123
Cash paid to suppliers	(2,701,456)	(2,157,258)
Cash paid to employees	(7,627,761)	(7,872,774)
	875,482	(1,787,909)
Investments:		
Interest received	5,608	29,288
(Purchase) sale of investments	(201,917)	442,591
Rental deposit	(95,618)	_
Purchase of capital assets	(274,370)	(41,912)
	(566,297)	429,967
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	309,185	(1,357,942)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	417,727	1,775,669
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 726,912	\$ 417,727

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

1. Purpose of the organization:

Immigrant Services Calgary Society (the "Society") is a not-for-profit organization incorporated under the Societies Act. The Society is committed to being a comprehensive settlement agency working together with immigrants and their families to make Canada home.

The Society is registered as a charitable organization under the Income Tax Act and as such is exempt from income taxes and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes. In order to maintain its status as a registered not-for-profit organization, the Society must meet certain requirements within the Income Tax Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit Organizations ("ASNPO") in Part III of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook.

(a) Fund accounting:

Funds have been established within the accounting and reporting systems as follows:

(i) The General Fund:

To account for the various sources of revenue and expenses related to direct services and administration and to account for capital assets related to general fund activities.

(ii) The Special Purposes Fund:

Internally restricted reserve account to support the ongoing and long-term financial stability of the Society and to maintain the essential functions of the Society. These amounts are not available for other purposes without approval from the Board. Interest on Special Purpose Fund investments accumulates as an internally restricted investment. Any transfer from the Special Purposes Fund to the General Fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.

(iii) The Casino Fund:

To account for assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses related to casino activities. Amounts under this fund are externally restricted to certain activities.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 3

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(b) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Freestanding derivative instruments that are not in a qualifying hedging relationship and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Society has not elected to carry any such financial instruments at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Society determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Society expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(c) Revenue recognition:

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions which include donations and government grants. Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved but not received at the end of an accounting period are accrued if collection is reasonably assured. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in that subsequent period.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenues when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 4

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of contribution where such value can be reasonably estimated, otherwise the assets are recorded at a nominal value. Amortization is charged on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset. Office furniture is amortized over 10 years, computer and office equipment is amortized over 5 years and leasehold improvements are amortized over the term of the lease.

The carrying amount of an item in capital assets is tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the asset's carrying amount is not recoverable and exceeds its fair value.

(e) Contributed services:

Volunteers contribute hours to assist the Society in carrying out its service delivery activities. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash and short-term investments with an original maturity date at the time of acquisition of three months or less.

(g) Government assistance:

Government assistance is recorded as either a reduction in the cost of the applicable assets or as a credit to the statement of operations as determined by the terms and conditions of the agreement under which the assistance is provided to the Corporation or the nature of the expenditures which give rise to the credit. Government assistance is recorded when the receipt is reasonably assured.

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the useful life of capital assets for amortization purposes and the collectability of accounts receivable. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 5

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(h) Use of estimates (continued):

COVID –19 economic impact:

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the Coronavirus COVID-19 (COVID-19) outbreak a pandemic. This has resulted in governments worldwide, including the Canadian and Alberta governments, enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. These measures, which include the implementation of travel bans, self-imposed quarantine periods, closures of non-essential businesses, and physical distancing, have caused material disruption to businesses in Alberta resulting in an economic slowdown. The situation remains dynamic with the Canadian and Alberta governments and Bank of Canada reacting with significant monetary and fiscal interventions designed to stabilize economic conditions.

The ultimate duration and magnitude of the impact on the economy and the financial effect on the Society's future revenues, operating results and overall financial performance is not known at this time. These impacts may include challenges on the Society's ability to obtain new funding, generate revenue from non-governmental sources, disruptions to its operations, employee impacts from illness, school closures and other communication response measures.

Governments around the world have recognized the serious economic impacts of the spread of COVID-19 and have taken steps to provide various programs to individuals and businesses. During the year, the Society qualified for and received \$454,979 under the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") program; \$102,322 under the Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy Program and \$19,619 under the Canada Temporary Wage Subsidy program ("TWS") program (note 13).

As at the reporting date, the Society has determined that COVID-19 has had minimal impact on its funding agreements, timing of revenue recognition and general operations. The Society continues to manage liquidity risk by forecasting and assessing cash flow requirements on an ongoing basis. As at March 31, 2021, the Society continues to meet its contractual obligations within normal payment terms and the Society's exposure to credit risk remains largely unchanged.

3. Economic dependence:

The Society receives the majority of revenue in the form of program funding from government and other charitable organizations. The Society is dependent upon the continued support of these funders whose contributions are used to meet the current and future operating costs of the Society.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 6

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

4. Investments:

Investments are comprised of term deposits and related accrued interest. As at March 31, 2021, the Society has invested \$500,000 in a short term callable GIC deposit and had accrued interest of \$nil (2020 - \$296,600 in a three month, 2.00% term deposit and \$1,483 in accrued interest).

5. Rental deposit:

As at March 31, 2021, a rental deposit of \$135,911 (2020 - \$40,293) is held by the Landlord as security for the performance of the Society's obligations under its premises lease agreement.

6. Capital assets:

	Cost	Accumulated amortization		2021 Net book value	2020 Net book value	
Computer and office equipment Office furniture Leasehold improvements	\$ 894,109 458,169 167,831	\$ 580,365 332,408 167,831	\$	313,744 125,761 -	\$ 183,610 66,068 3,886	
	\$ 1,520,109	\$ 1,080,604	\$	439,505	\$ 253,564	

7. Deferred contributions:

Deferred contributions reported in the General Fund relate to externally restricted operating funding received in the current year for subsequent years' expenses. These contributions must be used for specific purposes designated by the various funders. Agreements representing \$811,656 (2020 - \$720,169) in deferred contributions require that unexpended funds be returned at the end of the funding period. Management expects to utilize these funds in the Society's programs by the end of the related funding periods.

Deferred capital contributions reported in the General Fund relate to amounts used for the purchase of equipment. Deferred capital contributions are amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate of the assets purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 7

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

7. Deferred contributions (continued):

The change in the deferred capital contribution balance is as follows:

	2021	2020
Balance, beginning of year Contributions received during the year Amortization of deferred capital contributions	\$ 60,739 272,036 (35,848)	\$ 76,517 9,428 (25,206)
Balance, end of year	\$ 296,927	\$ 60,739

8. Deferred lease inducement:

The deferred lease inducement represents an incentive granted by the landlord to the Society in negotiating a new lease for space obtained. As required by ASNPO in Part III of The Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook, the amount is deferred and amortized to the statement of operations as a reduction of rent expense incurred by the Society over the life of the lease. During the year, the Society incurred rent expense of \$1,150,623 (2020 - \$1,212,036) and recorded amortization of lease inducements of \$140,725 (2020 - \$140,725) resulting in net rent expense reported on the statement of operations of \$1,009,981 (2020 - \$1,071,311). The cash received from the landlord pursuant to the lease inducement was unrestricted; accordingly, the Society has utilized the funds at the discretion of management. There was no deferred lease inducement remaining as at March 31, 2021 (2020 - \$140,725).

9. Restricted funds:

(a) Externally restricted funds:

Funds raised through casinos are restricted by the Alberta Gaming and Liquor Commission to be used for the purposes stated in the Society's approved casino application. The primary restriction is that these funds be used for rent, office furnishings, equipment, volunteer development and travel costs. During the year, \$nil (2020 - \$6,014) was transferred from the Casino Fund to the General Fund.

(b) Internally restricted funds:

The Society's Board of Directors has internally restricted resources amounting to \$661,974 (2020 - \$660,228) to be used to maintain the essential functions of the Society. During the year, \$nil (2020 - \$96,260) was transferred from the Special Purposes Fund to the General Fund for this purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 8

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

10. Financial instruments and related risks:

(a) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Society is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to its investments (note 4). The Society seeks to minimize risk from interest rate fluctuations by investing in term deposits with fixed interest rates.

(b) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Society is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and cash equivalents, investments and accounts receivable. The Society assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The Society mitigates credit risk by holding its cash and investments with high quality financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk on these instruments is their carrying value.

(c) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Society will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Society manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Society prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

There has been some impact of COVID-19 on the Society's operations during 2021 fiscal year when compared with the prior year. The Society benefited from various COVID-19 benefits during the year as part of Government support to organizations. Total benefits received and receivable for 2021 were \$576,920. (2020 - \$nil).

There has been no change to the risk exposures from 2020, except for the possible impact as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic as discussed in note 2(h).

Notes to Financial Statements, page 9

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

11. Commitments:

The Society has a long-term lease for its premises which expired in March 31, 2021. New lease agreement was signed effective April 1, 2021 for ten years until March 31, 2030. The Society also leases office equipment. The combined minimum lease payments, including operating costs, over the next five years are as follows:

	Building	Office equipment
2022	\$ 383,266	\$ 21,908
2023	383,266	21,025
2024	383,266	17,350
2025	383,266	17,350
2026	383,266	17,350

12. Financing facility:

The Society has a credit agreement for a revolving line of credit available to a maximum of \$500,000 (2020 - \$300,000) of which \$nil (2020 - \$nil) was drawn at year end. The line of credit is secured by a general security agreement and bears interest at the bank's prime rate plus 0.50%. The bank's prime rate at March 31, 2021 was 2.45% (2020 – 2.45%).

13. Government assistance:

The Government of Canada has implemented the COVID-19 Economic Response Plan. Under the plan, the Society is eligible for the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS") in which Canadian businesses impacted by COVID-19 may be eligible for certain wage subsidies. For the year ended March 31, 2021, the Society was eligible and recognized \$454,979 under the CEWS program as other income in the statement of operations, of which \$192,628 was receivable as at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements, page 10

Year ended March 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

13. Government Assistance (continued):

Also, under the Government of Canada has implemented the COVID-19 Economic Response Plan, the Society is eligible for the Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy ("CERS"). Under this plan, Canadian businesses impacted by COVID-19 may be eligible for a subsidy to cover part of their commercial rent or property expenses. For the year ended March 31, 2021, the Society met eligibility requirements and has recognized the \$102,322 received under the CERS as other income in the statement of operations, of which \$nil was receivable as at year end.

The Government of Canada created a program called the Temporary Wage Subsidy ("TWS") to provide wage assistance to companies resulting from the COVID-19 outbreak. During the year, the Society met the eligibility requirements and received \$19,619 in total compensation. The entire amount has been recognized as other income in the statement of operations for the year ended March 31, 2021.

14. Additional disclosures:

The Society is registered under the Charitable Fund-raising Act (the "Act") and discloses additional financial information in accordance with sections of the Act. Expenses incurred by the Society during the year for purpose of soliciting contributions are considered to be nominal (2020 – nominal).

15. Subsequent event:

The Society has renewed its funding agreement with Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Canada ("IRCC") for a period of five years starting April 2020, in support of various programs. Total contribution from the IRCC over the five year period is \$29,795,854. On May 10, 2021, the Society received \$2,223,903 of advance funding from the IRCC for the first four months for 2021/22 fiscal year in accordance with terms of the renewed funding agreement.